PPD

Updated: 31 Mar 2016

Use PPD to calculate the previous payment date for loan with regularly scheduled periodic payments.

Syntax

```
Public Shared Function PPD(
ByVal SettDate As Date,
ByVal FirstPayDate As Date,
ByVal pmtpyr As Integer,
ByVal NumPmts As Integer,)
```

Arguments

SettDate

the date from which you want to calculate the previous payment date. The previous payment date is the maximum payment date less than or equal to *SettDate*. *SettDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

FirstPayDate

the date that the first payment is due. *FirstPayDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

pmtpyr

the number of loan payments made in a year. *pmtpyr* is an expression that returns a **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

NumPmts

the total number of payments to be recorded over the life of the loan. *NumPmts* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

Return Type

Date

Remarks

- If SettDate < FirstPayDate, NULL is returned
- Pmtpyr must be between 1 and 365
- If *Pmtpyr* = 13, then payments are calculated every 28 days from *FirstPayDate*.
- If Pmtpyr = 26, then payments are calculated every 14 days from FirstPayDate.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 52, then payments are calculated every 7 days from *FirstPayDate*.
- If Pmtpyr = 1, then payments are calculated every 1 year from FirstPayDate.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 2, then payments are calculated every 6 months from *FirstPayDate*.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 3, then payments are calculated every 4 months from *FirstPayDate*.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 4, then payments are calculated every 3 months from *FirstPayDate*.

- If Pmtpyr = 6, then payments are calculated every 2 months from FirstPayDate.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 12, then payments are calculated every 1 month from *FirstPayDate*.
- If *Pmtpyr* = 24, then payments are calculated every semi-monthly from *FirstPayDate*. If the *FirstPayDate* is the 15th of the month, payments are on the 15th and the last day of the month. If the *FirstPayDate* is the last day of the month, then payment dates are on the last day of the month and the first day of the month.
- If *NumPmts* IS NOT NULL, then PPD will not return a date greater than the maturity date of the loan.

See Also

- AMORTRATE Constant daily effective rate for bond/loan amortization
- AMORTSCHED Generate amortization schedule of a loan
- Balloon Schedule with periodic interest payments and principal repaid at maturity
- Bullet Schedule with single interest and principal payment at maturity
- ConstantCashFlow Schedule with equal periodic cash flows
- ConstantCashFlowFR Schedule for a loan with a fixed maturity date and annuity-style payments
- ConstantPaymentAmount -Schedule with no maturity with fixed periodic payment amount
- ConstantPrincipal Schedule with fixed maturity date where the periodic principal payment is calculated on a straight-line basis
- ConstantPrincipalAmount Schedule with no fixed maturity with a fixed periodic principal payment
- ConstantPrincipalRate schedule with no fixed maturity where a fixed percentage principal payment
- CONSTPRINAMORT Schedule of a loan with a fixed principal repayment
- NPD Next payment date of a loan
- NPNO Next payment number of a loan
- PAYMENTPERIODS Number of months until first payment date, start of grace period, end of grace period, and total number payments for a loan
- PERIODRATE Adjust the nominal rate of a loan
- PPNO Previous payment number of a loan
- UNEQUALLOANPAYMENTS Schedule for a loan where interest and principal payment frequencies differ