

# ISREGULARPAY

Updated: 31 Mar 2016

Use **ISREGULARPAY** to determine if a date is a regular payment date for a loan given the first payment date, the issue date, and the number of payments per year

## Syntax

```
Public Shared Function ISREGULARPAY(  
    ByVal IssueDate As Date,  
    ByVal FirstPaymentDate As Date,  
    ByVal PmtPerYear As Integer,)
```

## Arguments

### *IssueDate*

the start date or first accrual date. *IssueDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

### *FirstPaymentDate*

the first interest payment date. *FirstPaymentDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **{paramtype}**.

### *PmtPerYear*

the number of payments per year. *PmtPerYear* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

## Return Type

Boolean

## Remarks

- *PmtPerYear* must be 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 13, 24, 26, 52 or 365.

## See Also

- **CALCDATE** - Convert MDY to date
- **DATEFLOAT** - Convert MDY to float
- **DATEINT** - Convert MDY to int
- **DAYS360** - Calculate number of days using 30/360 day count conventions
- **DAYSINMONTH** - Number of days in the month of the specified date
- **DAYSINYEAR** - Number of number of days in the year of the specified date
- **DAYSNL** - Number of days excluding Leap Years
- **EASTER** - Date of Western Easter for a given year
- **EDATE** - Exact date n months from specified date
- **EOMONTH** - Last day of month

- FIRSTWEEKDAY - First specified day of the week in any calendar month
- LASTWEEKDAY - Last specified day of the week in any calendar month
- NBD - Convert a series of dates to flat csv string in YYYYMMDD format
- NUMMONTHS -Number of months between two dates
- YEARFRAC - Fraction of a year between two dates