# OFL

## Updated: 31 Mar 2016

Use OFL to calculate the price or yield of a bond with an odd first period, an odd last period, and a par value of 100. The OFL formula for a bond with an odd short first coupon is:

$$PRICE = \frac{C * \frac{DFC}{E} + \left(\frac{\frac{-C}{Y} + \frac{RV + C \times \sum_{i=1}^{NCL} \frac{DLC_i}{NLL_i}}{(1+Y)^{\sum_{i=1}^{NCL} \frac{DLC_i}{NLL_i}} - \frac{-C}{Y}\right)}{(1+Y)^{\frac{DSC}{E}}} - A$$

Where

- A = C \* accrued days / E
- C = 100 \* coupon rate / frequency
- DFC = the number of days from the issue date to the first coupon date
- DLC<sub>i</sub> = the number of days from the previous coupon date to the lesser of the next coupon date and the maturity date in the i<sup>th</sup> last quasi-coupon period
- DSC = number of days from settlement to coupon
  - E = the normal length of the first quasi-coupon period
  - N = the number of coupons between the first coupon date and the last coupon date
- NCL = the number of quasi-coupons from the last coupon date to the quasi-maturity date
- NLL<sub>i</sub> = the normal length in days of the full i<sup>th</sup> quasi-coupon period in the odd last period
- RV = redemption value
- Y = yield / frequency

The OFL formula for a bond with an odd long first coupon is:

$$C \times \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{NCF} \frac{DFC_i}{NLF_i} \right] + \left( \frac{\frac{-C}{Y} + \frac{RV + C \times \sum_{i=1}^{NCL} \frac{DLC_i}{NLL_i}}{(1+Y)^{\sum_{i=1}^{NCL} \frac{DLC_i}{NLL_i}}} - \frac{-C}{Y} \right)$$

$$PRICE = \frac{(1+Y)^{Nqf + \frac{DSC}{E}}}{(1+Y)^{Nqf + \frac{DSC}{E}}} - C \times \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{NCF} \frac{A_i}{NLF_i} \right]$$

Where

- A<sub>i</sub> = number of accrued days for the i<sup>th</sup> quasi-coupon period
- C = 100 \* coupon rate / frequency
- DFC<sub>i</sub> = number of days from the issue date to the first quasi-coupon date or the number of days in the quasi-coupon period
- DLC<sub>i</sub> = the number of days from the previous coupon date to the lesser of the next coupon date and the maturity date in the i<sup>th</sup> last quasi-coupon period

- DSC = number of days from settlement date to the next quasi-coupon date or first coupon date.
  - E = number of days in the quasi-coupon period in which settlement occurs
  - N = the number of coupons between the first coupon date and the maturity date
- NCF = number of quasi-coupon periods that fit in the odd first period
- NCL = the number of quasi-coupons from the last coupon date to the quasi-maturity date
- $NLF_i$  = normal length in days of the full i<sup>th</sup> quasi-coupon period within the odd period.
- NLL<sub>i</sub> = the normal length in days of the full i<sup>th</sup> quasi-coupon period in the odd last period
- Nqf = the number of whole quasi-coupon periods between the settlement date and the first coupon.
- RV = redemption value
- Y = yield / frequency

The OFL function allows you to pass value for DFC<sub>1</sub>, DFC<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, NLF<sub>1</sub>, NLF<sub>2</sub>, DLC<sub>1</sub>, DLC<sub>2</sub>, NLL<sub>1</sub>, NLL<sub>2</sub>, NCL, NCF, N, Nqf, DSC, E, and RV directly into the equation and automatically calculates Y and C. OFL does not support bonds with more than 2 quasi-coupons in either the first or last coupon periods.

## Syntax

```
Public Shared Function OFL(
    ByVal Rate As Double,
    ByVal Yield As Double,
    ByVal Price As Double,
    ByVal RV As Double,
    ByVal Freq As Integer,
    ByVal A1 As Double,
    ByVal A2 As Double,
    ByVal DSC As Double,
    ByVal E As Double,
    ByVal N As Integer,
    ByVal ShortFirst As Boolean,
    ByVal ShortLast As Boolean,
    ByVal DLC1 As Double,
    ByVal DLC2 As Double,
    ByVal NLL1 As Double,
    ByVal NLL2 As Double,
    ByVal DFC1 As Double,
    ByVal DFC2 As Double,
    ByVal NLF1 As Double,
    ByVal NLF2 As Double,
    ByVal Nqf As Integer,)
```

## Arguments

#### Rate

the bond's annual coupon rate. *Rate* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

Yield

the bond's annual yield. *Yield* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### Price

the price of the bond. *Price* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### RV

the bond's redemption value per 100 face value. *RV* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### Freq

the number of coupon payments per year. For annual payments, *Freq* = 1; for semi-annual, *Freq* = 2; for quarterly, *Freq* = 4; for bimonthly *Freq* = 6; for monthly *Freq* = 12. *Freq* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

## A1

the number of accrued days in the first quasi-coupon period of the odd first period. If *ShortFirst* = True or *ShortFirst* = False and Nqf = 1 then this is the number of accrued days for the bond. If *ShortFirst* = False and Nqf = 0 then this should be the same as the value entered in *DFC1*. *A1* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### A2

the number of accrued days in second quasi-coupon period in the odd first period. If *ShortFirst* = True then this should be NULL. *A2* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## DSC

the days from settlement to next coupon date (when N > 1) or the days from settlement to redemption (when N = 1). *DSC* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## Ε

the number of days in the settlement period. *E* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### Ν

the number of coupons from the first coupon date to the last coupon date. *N* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

## ShortFirst

a bit value which identifies the bond as having a short first coupon period (True) or a long first coupon period (False). *ShortFirst* is an expression that returns a **Boolean**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Boolean**.

## ShortLast

a bit value which identifies the bond as having a short last coupon period (True) or a long last coupon period (False). *ShortLast* is an expression that returns a **Boolean**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Boolean**.

## DLC1

the number of days from the last coupon date to the maturity date (when *ShortLast* = True) or the number of days from the last coupon date to the quasi-coupon date (when *ShortLast* = False). *DLC1* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### DLC2

the number of days from the quasi-coupon date to the maturity date. If *ShortLast* = True then *DLC2* should be NULL. *DLC2* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### NLL1

the normal length of the first quasi-coupon period. *NLL1* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### NLL2

the normal length of the second quasi-coupon period. If *ShortFirst* = True then *NLL2* should be NULL. *NLL2* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## DFC1

the number of days from the issue date to the quasi-coupon date (when ShortFirst = False) or the number of days from the issue date to the first coupon date (when ShortFirst = True). *DFC1* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## DFC2

the number of days from in the second quasi-coupon period. If *ShortFirst* = True then *DFC2* should be NULL. *DFC2* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

#### NLF1

the normal length of the first quasi-coupon period. *NLF1* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## NLF2

the normal length of the second quasi-coupon period. If *ShortFirst* = True then *NLF2* should be NULL. *NLF2* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

## Nqf

the number of whole coupon periods between the settlement date and the first coupon date. If *ShortFirst* = True then *Nqf* should be 0. *Nqf* is an expression that returns an **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

## Return Type

Double

## Remarks

- If *Rate* is NULL then *Rate* = 0.
- If RV is NULL then RV = 100.
- If *Freq* is NULL then *Freq* = 2.
- If E is NULL then E = 180.
- If *DSC* is NULL then *DSC* = 0.
- If N is NULL then N = 0.
- If ShortFirst is NULL then ShortFirst = True.
- If ShortLast is NULL then ShortFirst = True.
- If A1 is NULL then A1 = 0.
- If A2 is NULL then A1 = 0.
- If *DLC1* is NULL then *DLC1* = 0
- If *DLC2* is NULL then *DLC2* = 0
- If *DFC1* is NULL then *DFC1* = 0.
- If *NLL1* is NULL then *NLL1* = 180.
- If *NLL2* is NULL then *NLL2* = 180.
- If *DFC1* is NULL then *DFC1* = 0.
- If *DFC2* is NULL then *DFC2* = 0.
- If *NLF1* is NULL then *NLF1* = 0.
- If *NLF2* is NULL then *NLF2* = 0.
- If *Nqf* is NULL then *Nqf* = 0.
- If *Yield* is NULL and *Price* is NULL then NULL is returned.
- If *E* = 0 then NULL is returned.
- If *Freq* = 0 then NULL is returned.
- C = 100 \* *Rate/Freq*
- Y = Yield/Freq
- If *Yield* is NOT NULL then price is calculated from the inputs otherwise yield is calculated from the inputs.

## See Also

- BONDCF Cash flows for a bond paying regular periodic interest
- DIRTYPRICE Dirty price of a bond
- DIRTYYIELD Yield of a bond from the dirty price
- DIS Price, discount rate, and/or yield of a discount security
- DISC Discount rate
- DISFACTORS Factors for the price calculation of a discount security
- IAM Price and/or yield of a security paying interest at maturity
- IAMFACTORS Factors for the price calculation of a security paying interest at maturity
- ODDFPRICE Price of a bond with an odd first coupon
- ODDFYIELD Yield of a bond with an odd first coupon
- ODDLPRICE Price of a bond with an odd last coupon
- ODDLYIELD Yield of a bond with an odd last coupon
- OFC Calculate the price and/or yield of a bond with an odd first coupon using the ODDFPRICE equation
- OFCFACTORS Returns the components of the ODDFPRICE equation
- OFLFACTORS Returns the components of the OFLPRICE equation
- OFLPRICE Calculate the price of a security with an odd first and odd last period
- OFLYIELD Calculate the yield of a security with an odd first and odd last period
- OLC Calculate the price and/or yield of a bond with an odd last coupon using the ODDLPRICE equation
- OLCFACTORS Returns the components of the ODDLPRICE equation
- PRICE Price of a security paying regular periodic interest
- PRICEACT Price of a bond where coupon amounts are based on number of days in the coupon period
- PRICEACTV Cash flows and discount factors for a bond where coupon amounts are based on number of days in the coupon period
- PRICEDISC Price of a discounted security
- PRICEFR Price of a bond with forced redemptions
- PRICEMAT Price of an interest-at-maturity security
- PRICESTEP Price of a security with step-up rates
- RPI Calculate the price and/or yield of a bond with regular periodic coupons
- RPIFACTORS Factors for the calculation of the price of a bond that pays regular periodic interest
- TBILLEQ Bond equivalent yield of a Treasury Bill
- TBILLPRICE Price of a Treasury Bill
- TBILLYIELD Yield of a Treasury Bill
- YIELD Yield of a bond paying regular periodic interest
- YIELDACT Yield of a bond where coupon amounts are based on number of days in the coupon period

- YIELDDISC Yield on a discount security
- YIELDFR Yield of a bond with forced redemptions
- YIELDMAT Yield on an interest-at-maturity security
- YIELDSTEP Yield of a security with step-up rates