LPMT

Updated: 31 Mar 2016

Use LPMT to calculate the periodic payment for a loan or lease. LPMT calculates periodic payment amounts for loans (leases) with odd first payment periods, with balloon payments at the end, and supports actuarial and US Rule interest accruals.

Syntax

```
Public Shared Function LPMT(
ByVal PV As Double,
```

```
ByVal LoanDate As Date,
ByVal Rate As Double,
ByVal Rate As Double,
ByVal FirstPayDate As Date,
ByVal NumPmts As Integer,
ByVal Pmtpyr As Integer,
ByVal DaysInYr As Double,
ByVal FV As Double,
ByVal IntRule As String,)
```

Arguments

ΡV

the principal amount of the loan or lease. *PV* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

LoanDate

the date that the loan starts accruing interest. *LoanDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

Rate

the annual interest rate. *Rate* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

FirstPayDate

the date that the first payment is due. *FirstPayDate* is an expression that returns a **Date**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Date**.

NumPmts

the total number of payments to be recorded over the life of the loan. *NumPmts* is an expression that returns a **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

Pmtpyr

the number of loan payments made in a year. *Pmtpyr* is an expression that returns a **Integer**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Integer**.

DaysInYr

the denominator number of days to be used in the calculation of the interest amount in the odd first period. *DaysInYr* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

FV

the future value at the end of the loan. *FV* is an expression that returns a **Double**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **Double**.

IntRule

Identifies the loan as conforming to the US Rule ("U") or the actuarial rule ("A") regarding the compounding of interest in the odd first period.*IntRule* is an expression that returns a **String**, or of a type that can be implicitly converted to **String**.

Return Type

Double

Remarks

- If *DaysInYr* is NULL, then *DaysInYr* = 360
- If *FV* is NULL, then *FV* = 0
- If *IntRule* is NULL, then *IntRule* = "A"
- *FirstPayDate* must be greater than *LoanDate*
- *Pmtpyr* must be 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 13, 24, 26, 52, or 365
- NumPmts must be greater than 1
- *Rate* must be greater than zero
- *DaysInYr* must be 360, 364, or 365
- *PV* must be greater than zero

See Also

- CUMIPMT Cumulative interest paid on an annuity
- CUMLIPMT Cumulative interest payments of a loan
- CUMLPPMT Cumulative principal payments of a loan
- CUMPRINC Cumulative principal paid on an annuity
- EFFECT Effective annual interest rate
- IPMT Interest portion of an annuity payment
- LIPMT Interest portion of a loan payment
- LPMTSCHED Generate loan amortization with balloon payment and other parameters
- LPPMT Principal portion of a loan payment
- LRATE Interest rate for an annuity with an odd first period
- NUMPMTS Total number of payments over the life of the loan
- PMT Annuity periodic payment
- PMTSCHED Payment schedule of a loan
- PPMT Principal portion of an annuity payment

• TOTALINT - Total interest amount of a loan